

פתרון תרגיל 14 – לוגיקה 2011

פתרון החלק הראשון של התרגיל:

.1

1. $N \rightarrow W$

2. $B \rightarrow S \quad / \therefore (N \cdot B) \rightarrow (W \cdot S)$

→ 3. $N \cdot B$

4. $N \quad 3, \text{Simp}$

5. $B \quad 3, \text{Simp}$

6. $W \quad 1, 4, \text{M.P.}$

7. $S \quad 2, 5, \text{M.P.}$

8. $W \cdot S \quad 6, 7, \text{Conj}$

9. $(N \cdot B) \rightarrow (W \cdot S) \quad 3-8, \text{C.P.}$

.2

1. $T \rightarrow B$

2. $M \rightarrow D \quad / \therefore (T \vee M) \rightarrow (B \vee D)$

→ 3. $T \vee M$

4. $(T \rightarrow B) \cdot (M \rightarrow D) \quad 1, 2, \text{Conj}$

5. $B \vee D \quad 3, 4, \text{C.D.}$

6. $(T \vee M) \rightarrow (B \vee D) \quad 3-5, \text{C.P.}$

.3

1. $E \rightarrow N$
2. $E \rightarrow (N \rightarrow M)$
3. $N \rightarrow (M \rightarrow B) \quad / \therefore E \rightarrow B$
4. E
5. N 1,4, *M.P.*
6. $N \rightarrow M$ 2,4, *M.P.*
7. M 5,6, *M.P.*
8. $M \rightarrow B$ 3,5, *M.P.*
9. B 7,8, *M.P.*
10. $E \rightarrow B$ 4-9, *C.P.*

.4

1. $R \rightarrow (T \vee S)$
2. $N \rightarrow (S \vee B)$
3. $\sim S \quad / \therefore (\sim T \cdot \sim B) \rightarrow (\sim R \cdot \sim N)$
4. $\sim T \cdot \sim B$
5. $\sim T$ 4, *Simp*
6. $\sim T \cdot \sim S$ 5,3, *Conj*
7. $\sim (T \vee S)$ 6, *DeM.*
8. $\sim R$ 1,7, *M.T.*
9. $\sim B$ 4, *Simp*
10. $\sim S \cdot \sim B$ 3,9, *Conj*
11. $\sim (S \vee B)$ 10, *DeM.*
12. $\sim N$ 2,11, *M.T.*
13. $\sim R \cdot \sim N$ 8,12, *Conj*
14. $(\sim T \cdot \sim B) \rightarrow (\sim R \cdot \sim N)$ 4-13, *C.P.*

פתרון החלק השני של התרגיל:

עמודים 84 – 85:

תרגיל 2

Cx – x is a contestant

Dx – x was deceived

Ex – x is an engineer

1. $(x)(Cx \rightarrow Dx)$

2. $(\exists x)(Cx \cdot Ex) / \therefore (\exists x)(Ex \cdot Dx)$

3. $Ca \cdot Ea$ 2, EI ($x \mapsto a$)

4. $Ca \rightarrow Da$ 1, UI ($x \mapsto a$)

5. Ca 3, $simp$

6. Ea 3, $simp$

7. Da 4, 5, $M.P.$

8. $Ea \cdot Da$ 6, 7, $conj$

9. $(\exists x)(Ex \cdot Dx)$ 8, EG

תרגיל 5

Lx – x is a leader

Mx – x is masterful

b – Brown

1. $(x)(Lx \rightarrow Mx)$

2. $\sim Mb$ / $\therefore \sim Lb$

3. $Lb \rightarrow Mb$ 1, UI ($x \mapsto b$)

4. $\sim Lb$ 2, 3, $M.T.$

תרגיל 6

Ox – x is an officer

Nx – x is a navigator

Px – x has a pistol

1. $(x)(Nx \rightarrow Ox)$

2. $(x)(Ox \rightarrow Px) \quad / \therefore (x)(Nx \rightarrow Px)$

3. $Ny \rightarrow Oy \quad 1, UI (x \mapsto y)$

4. $Oy \rightarrow Py \quad 2, UI (x \mapsto y)$

5. $Ny \rightarrow Py \quad 3, 4, H.S.$

6. $(x)(Nx \rightarrow Px) \quad 5, UG$

תרגיל 12

Sx – x is a snake

Lx – x is a lizard

Rx – x is a reptile

Bx – x is a bird

Ox – x is oviparous

1. $(x)(Sx \rightarrow Rx)$

2. $(x)(Lx \rightarrow Rx)$

3. $(x)(Rx \rightarrow Ox)$

4. $(x)(Bx \rightarrow Ox) \quad / \therefore (x)(Sx \rightarrow Ox)$

→ 5. Sy

6. $Sy \rightarrow Ry \quad 1, UI (x \mapsto y)$

7. $Ry \rightarrow Oy \quad 2, UI (x \mapsto y)$

8. $Sy \rightarrow Oy \quad 6, 7, H.S.$

9. $Oy \quad 5, 8, M.P.$

10. $Sy \rightarrow Oy \quad 5-9 C.P.$

11. $(x)(Sx \rightarrow Ox) \quad 10, UG$

$Px - x$ was present

$Sx - x$ was surprised

$Rx - x$ was resentful

$Ix - x$ was interested

1. $(x)(Px \rightarrow (Sx \cdot Rx))$

2. $(x)(Ix \rightarrow Px) \quad / \therefore (x)(Ix \rightarrow Sx)$

3. Iy

4. $Iy \rightarrow Py \quad 2, UI (x \mapsto y)$

5. $Py \quad 3, 4, M.P.$

6. $Py \rightarrow (Sy \cdot Ry) \quad 1, UI (x \mapsto y)$

7. $Sy \cdot Ry \quad 5, 6, M.P.$

8. $Sy \quad 7, simp$

9. $Iy \rightarrow Sy \quad 3, 8, C.P.$

10. $(x)(Ix \rightarrow Sx) \quad 10, UG$

$Cx - x$ is a crow

$Bx - x$ is black

$Px - x$ is a pest

1. $(x)(Cx \rightarrow Bx)$

2. $(x)((Cx \cdot Bx) \rightarrow Px) \quad / \therefore (x)(Cx \rightarrow (Bx \cdot Px))$

3. Cy

4. $Cy \rightarrow By \quad 1, UI (x \mapsto y)$

5. $By \quad 3, 4, M.P.$

6. $Cy \cdot By \quad 3, 5, conj$

7. $(Cy \cdot By) \rightarrow Py \quad 2, UI (x \mapsto y)$

8. $Py \quad 6, 7, M.P.$

9. $By \cdot Py \quad 5, 8, conj$

10. $Cy \rightarrow (By \cdot Py) \quad 3-9, C.P.$

11. $(x)(Cx \rightarrow (Bx \cdot Px)) \quad 10, UG$