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פונקציה ממדרגה 6

$$y = a_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{180}x^6 - \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x - \frac{1}{12}x^4 + \frac{1}{504}x^7 - \dots \right)$$

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פונקציה

Ⓧ $y'' + xy = 0$

$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^n$ נניח \otimes שם ישים פונקציה כזו

$y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot a_n \cdot x^{n-1}$, $y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n \cdot x^{n-2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} \cdot x^n$

בגלל $\otimes > x^3$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} \cdot x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^{n+1} = 0$$

$$2a_2 \cdot x^0 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+3)(n+2)a_{n+3} \cdot x^{n+1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^{n+1} = 0$$

$$2a_2 \cdot x^0 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [(n+3)(n+2) \cdot a_{n+3} + a_n] \cdot x^{n+1} = 0$$

פונקציה מוגדרת

$x^0: 2a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow a_2 = 0$

הנכונות הנכונה של פונקציה פונקציה כזו

$$(n+3)(n+2) \cdot a_{n+3} + a_n = 0$$

$$a_{n+3} = \frac{-a_n}{(n+3)(n+2)} \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

$a_2 = 0$

פונקציה פונקציה - a_1, a_0

$n=0: a_3 = \frac{-a_0}{3 \cdot 2} = -\frac{1}{6} a_0$

$n=1: a_4 = \frac{-a_1}{4 \cdot 3} = -\frac{1}{12} a_1$

$n=2: a_5 = \frac{-a_2}{5 \cdot 4} = 0$

$n=3: a_6 = \frac{-a_3}{6 \cdot 5} = -\frac{1}{30} a_3 = \frac{1}{180} a_0$

$n=4: a_7 = \frac{-a_4}{7 \cdot 6} = -\frac{1}{42} a_4 = \frac{1}{504} a_1$

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הצורה הכללית של הפונקציה

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^n = a_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{180}x^6 - \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x - \frac{1}{12}x^4 + \frac{1}{504}x^7 - \dots \right)$$

$$y = a_0 \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{2^k \cdot k!} x^{2k} + a_1 \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \cdot 2^k \cdot k!}{(2k+1)!} x^{2k+1} \quad (2)$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{1}{12}x^4 + \frac{1}{672}x^8 + \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x + \frac{1}{20}x^5 + \frac{1}{1440}x^9 + \dots \right) \quad (3)$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots \right) \quad (3)$$

⊗ $y'' + (x-1)y' - y = 0$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^n \quad \text{הצורה הכללית של הפונקציה}$$

$$y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot a_n \cdot x^{n-1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1)a_{n+1} \cdot x^n$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n \cdot x^{n-2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} \cdot x^n$$

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$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1)a_{n+2} \cdot x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1)a_{n+1} \cdot x^{n+1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1)a_{n+1} \cdot x^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^n = 0$$

$$(2a_2 - a_1 - a_0) \cdot x^0 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [(n+3)(n+2)a_{n+3} + (n+1)a_{n+1} - (n+2)a_{n+2} - a_n] x^{n+1} = 0$$

הצורה הכללית של הפונקציה

$$x^0: 2a_2 - a_1 - a_0 = 0 \Rightarrow a_2 = \frac{a_0 + a_1}{2}$$

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המשוואה היא $(n+3)a_{n+3} + n \cdot a_{n+1} + a_{n+1} - (n+2)a_{n+2} - a_{n+1} = 0$

$$(n+3)(n+2)a_{n+3} + n \cdot a_{n+1} + a_{n+1} - (n+2)a_{n+2} - a_{n+1} = 0$$

$$a_{n+3} = \frac{(n+2)a_{n+2} - n \cdot a_{n+1}}{(n+3)(n+2)}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

הנ"ל נובע מהשוואת a_0, a_1

$$a_2 = \frac{a_0 + a_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_1$$

$$n=0: a_3 = \frac{2a_2 - 0}{6} = \frac{1}{3}a_2 = \frac{1}{6}a_0 + \frac{1}{6}a_1$$

$$n=1: a_4 = \frac{3a_3 - a_2}{12} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}a_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_1 - (\frac{1}{2}a_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_1)}{12} = 0$$

$$n=2: a_5 = \frac{4a_4 - 2a_3}{20} = -\frac{1}{10}a_3 = -\frac{1}{60}a_0 - \frac{1}{60}a_1$$

לכן הפונקציה היא $y = a_0(1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots) + a_1(x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots)$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{60}x^5 - \dots \right)$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{45}x^6 + \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x + \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \dots \right)$$

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$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{8}x^4 + \frac{1}{16}x^6 - \dots \right) + a_1 \cdot x$$

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$$y = 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}x^4 + \frac{1}{48}x^6 + \dots$$

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(2)

$$y = x - \frac{1}{6}x^4 + \frac{5}{252}x^7 - \dots$$

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$$\textcircled{*} y'' + x^2 y' + xy = 0, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1$$

1/21/20

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^n$$

$$y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \cdot a_n \cdot x^{n-1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1) a_{n+1} \cdot x^n$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n \cdot (n-1) a_n \cdot x^{n-2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) \cdot a_{n+2} \cdot x^n$$

1/21/20

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} \cdot x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1) a_{n+1} \cdot x^{n+1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cdot x^{n+1} = 0$$

$$2a_2 \cdot x^0 + (6a_3 + a_0) \cdot x^1 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [(n+4)(n+3) a_{n+4} + (n+1) a_{n+1} + a_{n+1}] x^{n+2} = 0$$

1/21/20

$$x^0: 2a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{a_2 = 0}$$

$$x^1: 6a_3 + a_0 = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{a_3 = -\frac{1}{6} a_0}$$

1/21/20

$$(n+4)(n+3) a_{n+4} + (n+1) a_{n+1} + a_{n+1} = 0$$

$$a_{n+4} = \frac{-(n+2) \cdot a_{n+1}}{(n+4)(n+3)}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

1/21/20

$$a_2 = 0$$

$$a_3 = -\frac{1}{6} a_0$$

$$n=0: a_4 = \frac{-2a_1}{12} = -\frac{1}{6} a_1$$

$$n=1: a_5 = \frac{-3a_2}{20} = 0$$

$$n=2: a_6 = \frac{-4a_3}{30} = -\frac{2}{15} a_3 = \frac{1}{45} a_0$$

$$n=3: a_7 = \frac{-5a_4}{42} = \frac{5}{252} a_1$$

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לפי הנתון, נניח

$$y = a_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{6} x^3 + \frac{1}{45} x^6 - \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x - \frac{1}{6} x^4 + \frac{5}{252} x^7 - \dots \right)$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 1$$

לפי הנתון, נניח

$$a_0 = 0$$

$$a_1 = 1$$

$$y = x - \frac{1}{6} x^4 + \frac{5}{252} x^7 - \dots$$

לפי הנתון, נניח

$$a_{k+2} = \frac{k^2 - \alpha^2}{(k+2)(k+1)} \cdot a_k$$

$$T_0(x) = a_0$$

$$T_1(x) = a_1 x$$

$$T_2(x) = a_0 (1 - 2x^2)$$

$$T_3(x) = a_1 \left(x - \frac{4}{3} x^3 \right)$$

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